

The Illuminata Sextet

for Pierrot Ensemble and Percussion

THOMAS B. YEE

Composed 2015

Program Notes

Light surrounds us. Its presence is essential to our sight and is a foundational building block for all life on Earth. We believe we have harnessed it, tamed it, molded it for our daily purposes at the whim of a switch. Yet, in all its everyday familiarity, do we really know it? Have we even scratched the surface of what light can do?

Our quest begins with Sir Isaac Newton and a chunk of glass—well, two prisms, to be precise. Using the prism, he demonstrated that a ray of "white" light actually contained within it every color known to man—once light hits the prism, each color refracts out into its own distinct identity. In the early 20th century, Albert Einstein's work on the Photoelectric Effect paved the way for light to be recognized as being both a particle *and* a wave—a fact with implications that are still being fleshed out today. And though these breakthroughs may be common knowledge today, there are still plenty of light phenomena that astound all, but that few will ever witness.

In the planet's deepest, blackest oceans—where no sunlight can penetrate—ethereal forests of light glimmer forth from the bodies of creatures that reside there. On a specific February evening each year, the water of Yosemite's majestic Horsetail Falls is stained a furious orange-red by the setting sun, seeming to light it ablaze. In frigid remote regions of the north, sometimes the sky itself flows with vibrant streams of green, pink, red, yellow, blue, and violet—the Aurora Borealis.

And some testimonies even report, though this is far proven, that these Northern Lights even sing—a sound as otherworldly as the sight. One can scarcely imagine it: the music of light itself...

— *Thomas Yee*
S. D. G.

Instrumentation:

Flute
Clarinet in Bb (sounds major second lower than written)

Violin
Cello

Percussion (see Percussion Inventory for instruments required)
Piano

Dedication:

The Illumina Sextet was composed for the new music group and Pierrot Ensemble extraordinaire *Hear No Evil*, based in Austin, TX, and is dedicated to the same group. *Hear No Evil* gave the world premiere of *The Illumina Sextet* in March of 2016.

Visual Accompaniment

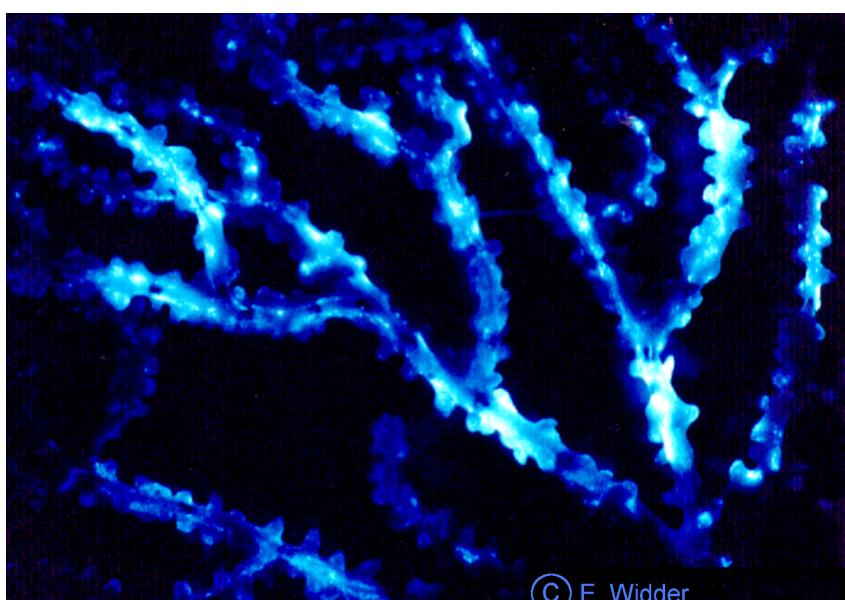
Accompanying Images:

I envision performances of The Illumina Sextet accompanied by projected images of the light phenomena that the music is portraying. The images should be projected on a screen above and behind the performers so that listeners may take in the images as the music plays. If image projection is not possible in the performance venue, please include the images printed on a program insert. The Illumina Sextet is a visually-inspired piece, and it is important that audience involvement during the performance is holistic, involving sound and light.

What follows are four of the representative images utilized during the premiere of this work. Many special thanks go to Dr. Edith Widder and her staff at Team ORCA, photographer James Kaiser, and photographer Ben Hattenbach for permitted use of their photographs for movements II, III, and IV respectively.



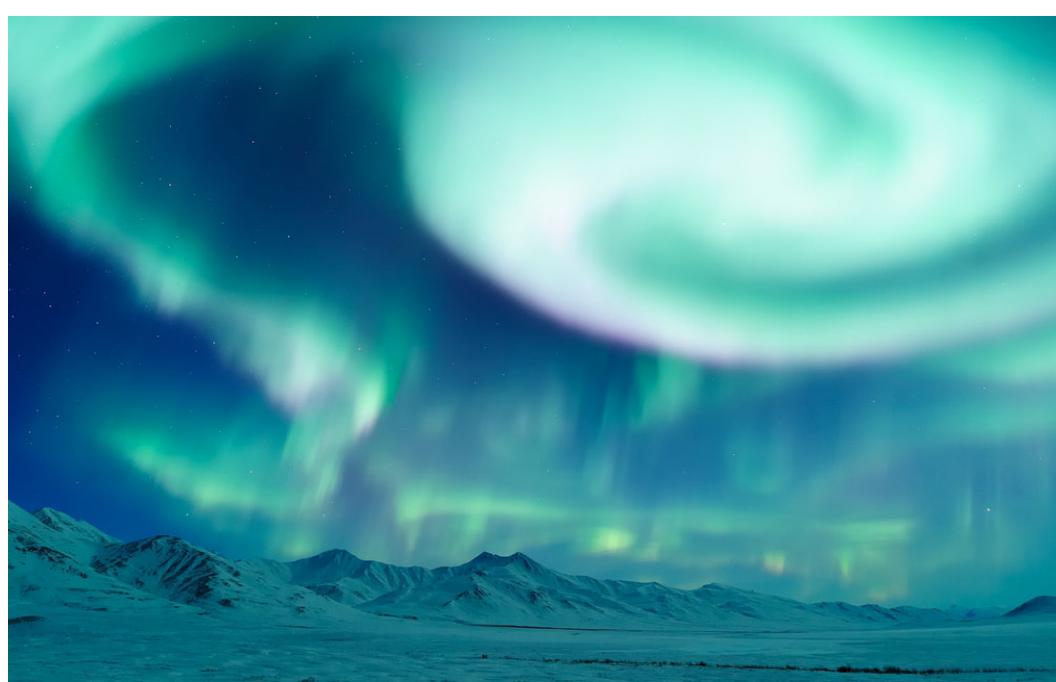
I. Prism



II. Deep Sea Luminescence



III. Fire Falls



IV. Aurora Borealis

Performance Notes:

I. Prism

Mixed Mallets: The Percussionist will need two medium-hard yarn mallets (Marimba, Roto Toms, Splash Cymbal) in addition to two harder plastic mallets (Crotales, Temple Blocks). From my personal experience performing percussion, my recommendation would be to use the yarn mallets as the inner mallets and the plastic as the outer pair. However, whatever works best for the performer's preferences is perfectly acceptable.

China Cymbal near the Floor: What I envision for the China Cymbal setup is to mount a China Cymbal on a boom stand and set it low to the ground with the rim perpendicular to the ground. The cymbal is then struck with a drum set's bass drum pedal using the foot. Please make sure the China Cymbal is mounted such that its sound is not deadened after striking, but continues to resonate.

Jet Whistle: The Jet Whistle is a pitchless extended technique, so the note given is just an approximation. The curved upward arrow indicates that the rush of air is to accelerate in speed.

II. Deep Sea Luminescence

Glockenspiel and Crotales: In measures 38-57, the Percussionist is asked to play both the Glockenspiel and a set of Crotales in alternating strokes between the two instruments. This is a potentially tricky section, as the width between notes is different on a Glockenspiel and Crotales. The same pair of mallets should work on both instruments. Experiment with the setup to determine what works best for your venue and your player.

The Low E Flutter-Tongue: For the flutter-tongued Low E at the end of Movement II in the Clarinet, I envision having a gritty, raucous, almost monstrous sound. Executing the flutter-tongue on the appropriate note is straightforward enough, but the Clarinettist should give the note all the extra "oomph" he or she can give. If it comes out sounding monstrous and grotesque, so much the better!

III. Fire Falls

Glissando a la Gershwin: In m. 32 (and elsewhere in the movement), the Clarinet has a portamento notation over a major sixth interval. I debated using "port." or "gliss." here, as what I have in mind has some properties of both. The easiest reference to give for this is the opening bars of Gershwin's *Rhapsody in Blue*, a passage that many Clarinettists will doubtless know well. In any case, make the gesture soloistic and striking, with a little bit of jazzy flair thrown into the mix.

Tam-tam Substitution: If a Tam-tam is not available, a medium/large Suspended Cymbal may be used as a substitution. Simply start 1-2 beats before the indicated Tam-tam hit and roll into a forte release on the beat given for the Tam-tam hit.

IV. Aurora Borealis

The Tuned Wind Chimes: In m. 115 to the end of the movement, a set of tuned wind chimes with the notated pitches A, B, C#, D#, and F# is called for. Some further remarks and information are needed about this set, as it may be a bit tricky to acquire:

- 1) The wind chimes set used for the premiere performance of this piece was a custom-made set crafted by Austin-based wind chimes company "Music of the Spheres." It's possible that you could find similar companies that would be willing to fashion a wind chimes set with the pitches needed or find a pre-existing set with the pitches. Feel free to email me at thomasbyee@gmail.com if you would like to borrow the original set.
- 2) In case wind chimes with the notated pitches are not available, please use wind chimes consisting of any subset of the pitches of the A Lydian/Mixolydian scale (A, B, C#, D#, E, F#, G, A). For example, you might find a set of A Pentatonic wind chimes consisting of the pitches A, B, C#, E, and F#. As long as the wind chimes' pitches fall within that scale, the set will be suitable for the final passage.
- 3) In absence of either of the above two options, please use a mark tree (indefinitely pitched) for the passage. Though there are wind chimes sets of indefinite pitch, I would rather not risk dissonant overtones since many wind chimes sets can be quite resonant.

Percussion Inventory and Map:

Percussion Inventory:

Total: Marimba (4.3 Octaves), Crotales (2 Octaves), China/Inverted Cymbal (mounted and hit with Bass Drum Pedal), Small Splash Cymbal, Roto Toms (2), Temple Blocks (5), Triangle, Glockenspiel, Medium Suspended Cymbal, Tam-tam, Tuned Wind Chimes, Cello/Bass Bows (2)

By Movement:

- I.) Marimba, Crotales, China Cymbal, Splash Cymbal, Roto Toms, Temple Blocks, Triangle
- II.) Crotales, Glockenspiel, Suspended Cymbal
- III.) Crotales, Roto Toms, Splash Cymbal, Suspended Cymbal, China Cymbal, Temple Blocks, Tam-tam, Marimba
- IV.) Marimba, Crotales, Suspended Cymbal, Tuned Wind Chimes

The pitched percussion instruments have their own treble staves, with the exception of a passage in Movement II notating Glock and Crotales on the same staff (see Performance Note above). There is also one instance in Movement IV, m. 103 involving Crotales (A5) and Suspended Cymbal (G5) simultaneously. Following is the notation map for the non-pitched percussion instruments:

2 Roto Toms Temple Blocks Set (5) Small Splash Cymbal Tam-Tam

(High/Low)

China/Inverted Cymbal
(with Bass Drum Pedal)

Medium Suspended Cymbal

Triangle

The Illumina Sextet

Transposed Score Duration: 12' 20"

I. Prism

Thomas B. Yee

Shimmering, Vibrant ♩ = 108

Flute

Clarinet in B♭

Violin

Cello

Percussion Marimba (medium-hard yarn)

Piano

no pedal

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 15. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The score consists of six staves. The Flute and Bassoon Clarinet play sustained notes. The Violin and Cello play sixteenth-note patterns. The Percussion part uses Crotales (hard plastic) and Maracas. The Piano part features eighth-note chords and LH changes.

Fl. B♭ Cl. Vln. Vc. Perc. Pno.

move towards Sul Pont. (ord.) move towards Sul Pont. (ord.)

Crotales (hard plastic) Mar.

ped. LH changes

29

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 29. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The score consists of six systems of music. The first system starts with Flute and Bassoon Clarinet playing eighth-note patterns at forte (f) dynamic. The second system begins with a bassoon solo at piano (p) dynamic. The third system features Violin and Cello with eighth-note patterns. The fourth system has Percussion playing eighth-note patterns. The fifth system starts with a piano solo at forte (f) dynamic. The sixth system concludes with a piano solo at piano dynamic, with a note instruction "no pedal". Various dynamics like f, p, mp, mf, pp, and pp are indicated throughout the score. Articulation marks such as accents and slurs are also present.

The Illumina Sextet

37

Fl. f

B♭ Cl. f

Vln. f

Vc.

Cro. Mar.

Perc. f

Pno. f

41

46

Fl. mf 3 3 3

B♭ Cl. ff 3 3 3

Vln. mp ff

Vc. f

Cro. ff

Mar. p 3 3 3 5

Perc. ff

Pno. f

53

54

Fl.

B♭ Cl. p

Vln. Sul Pont. p pp mf pp f p f

Vc. mf

Cro. pp p mp mf

Perc. pp p mp mf

Pno. mf

The Illumina Sextet

3

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 80, measures 74-80. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The score features complex rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings such as *mf*, *ff*, and *mp*. The piano part includes instructions for Maracas (*Mar.*), 2 Roto Toms (yarn), and China Cymbals (*China Cym.*). Measures 74-79 show woodwind entries with sixteenth-note patterns and bassoon entries. Measure 80 begins with a forte dynamic from the woodwinds, followed by a piano section with sustained notes and dynamic changes between *ff* and *mf*.

The Illumina Sextet

89

Fl. *Jet Whistle*
p < ff

B♭ Cl. *p*

Vln. *-> S.P.* *gliss.* *pizz.*
p *pp*

Vc. *-> S.P.* *gliss.* *pizz.* *b*
p *pp* *mp* *pp*

Perc. *Mar.* *3* *3*
p *mp* *pp* *mf* *3* *3* *p*

Pno. *8va* *no pedal*
mf *p*

Triangle w/beater choke
pp

II. Deep Sea Luminescence

Contemplative $\text{♩} = 96$

Fl. *p* *mp > pp* *p* *mp > pp*

B♭ Cl. *p* *mp > pp* *p* *mp > pp*

Vln. *arco* *p* *mp > pp* *arco Sul Tasto* *p* *mf* *pp*

Vc. *L.V.* *p* *mf* *pp* *Crotales (bowed) L.V.* *p*

Perc. *8va* *mf* *pp*

Hypnotic, Bubbling $\text{♩} = 126$

Fl. *pp* *pp*

B♭ Cl. *pp* *pp*

Vln. *Sul Pont. -> Ord.* *mf* *pp* *pizz.* *pp*

Vc. *Sul Tasto* *mf* *pp* *arco (ord.)* *pp*

Perc. *pp* *pp*

Pno. *8va* *mf* *Ped.* *no Ped.* *pp*

flutter-tongue

The Illumina Sextet

12

13

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

no vib. molto vib.

pizz. Sul Tasto

(sempre L.V.)

21

23

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

no vib. molto vib.

(ord.)

arco pizz.

arco pizz.

arco

27

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

no vib. pp

no vib. f

-> S.P. f

Flowing, with Movement

The Illumina Sextet

32

Fl. *f* molto vib. (ord.)

B♭ Cl. *mp* *f* accel.

Vln. Sul D gliss. (gradual) free-bow (o)

Vc. Trem. at tip of bow (o) (o) (o)

Perc.

Pno. (8va) Ped. at will; avoid muddy bass

38 39 Luminous, Radiant $\text{♩} = 144$

Fl. ff flutter-tongue

B♭ Cl. ff

Vln. 8va -> S.P. 4 Soaring, Brilliant Bring Out!

Vc. ff molto vib.

Perc. Cro. ff sim.

Pno. ff Glockenspiel ff sim. Ped. per measure

45

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln. Bring Out, but Stay Under Cello 8va (ord.) ff free-bow at will on longer notes

Vc.

Perc. ff mf ff mf ff mf

Pno.

The Illumina Sextet

7

56

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

Suspended Cymbal (yarn)

Crotales

ff

mp

ff ff

(*f*)

ff

Ped. at will; avoid muddy bass

60

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

mp

f

mp

f

(*8va*)

mp

f

mp

f

mp

f

(Sus. Cym.)

mp

f

f

ff

f

66 Relaxing Gradually $\text{♩} = 126$

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

ff

molto vib.

pitch-bend

pp

f

Sul D

Sul Pont. -> Ord.

Trem. at tip of bow

gliss. (gradual)

p

f

free-bow

(o)

f

Cro.

ff

8va

f

no Ped.

3

3

3

3

3

3

The Illumina Sextet

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 70. The score includes parts for Flute, Bassoon Clarinet, Violin, Cello, Percussion, and Piano. The piano part features a basso continuo line with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. Various dynamics like ff, mf, p, and pp are indicated. Performance instructions include "ord.", "S.T.", "pizz.", and "Crotales (bowed)".

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 75. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The piano part features a continuous eighth-note pattern in 3/4 time. Various dynamics like ff, f, mf, p, mp, and pp are indicated throughout the score.

81

82

Fl. no vib. *mf* -
no vib. *pp*

B♭ Cl. < *mf* -*pp* *p* -*mf* -*pp*

Vln. -> S.T. *mf* -*pp*

Vc. (pizz.) *mp*

Perc. *f*

Pno. *p*

no vib. *p* *mf* -*pp* *p*

molto vib. *p* *mf* -*pp* *p*

no vib. *p*

molto vib. *p*

S.P.

-> ord. (ord.)

to hard mallets

(82a)

The Illumina Sextet

Musical score page 89-92. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The score features dynamic markings such as *mf*, *pp*, *mp*, *p*, and *pp*. The piano part includes performance instructions like "Crotales (hard plastic)" and "Glock". The violin part has a glissando instruction "Sul G S.T. free-bow" and "gliss. (gradual)". The bassoon clarinet part has a dynamic instruction "Crotales (hard plastic)".

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

Keep Gritty, Raucous—
Give it Your All!

L.V.

L.V.

L.V.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped. each note

The Illumina Sextet

III. Fire Falls

Flaring with Intensity = 160

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 24. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The score consists of six staves. Large numbers 2, 3, 4, 8, and Sus. Cym. Bell are prominently displayed above the staves. The piano part features a basso continuo line with sustained notes and bassoon entries.

The Illumina Sextet

11

28

Fl.
B♭ Cl.
Vln.
Vc.
Perc.
Pno.

36

43

Fl.
B♭ Cl.
Vln.
Vc.
Perc.
Pno.

44

Fl.
B♭ Cl.
Vln.
Vc.
Perc.
Pno.

mf
marcato
no Ped.

Ped. sim to mm. 1-23

The Illumina Sextet

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 52, measures 52-59. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The piano part features a dynamic range from *mf* to *ff*. Measures 52-53 show woodwind entries with dynamics *f* and *ff*. Measures 54-55 feature large numerals '2' and '4' above the staff, with dynamics *mf* and *f*. Measures 56-57 show woodwind entries with dynamics *spiccato* and *mp*. Measures 58-59 feature large numerals '3' and '4' above the staff, with dynamics *ff*, *f*, and *spiccato sim.*.

62 Ominous, Boiling

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 59, measures 2-8. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Cello (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The piano part features large, bold numerals (2, 3, 6, 4, 8) as performance markings. The flute and bassoon play sustained notes with dynamic markings (mf, ff, f). The violin and cello provide harmonic support with eighth-note patterns. The percussion and piano provide rhythmic drive with sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings (mp, ff, f). The piano part also includes pedal markings (Ped.) and a dynamic marking (mf).

The Illumina Sextet

76

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

ff
pitch bend
mf
p

5
with fury!
3
7

4
f

f
ff'

f

4
ffp
f

f

5
3
7

8
f
with fury!

8
f
with fury!

staccato, aggressive

no Ped.

4
ff
sim.
ff
ff

Ped. per measure

Fl. 83

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

Fl. 92

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

102

ff

p

f

ff

f

ff

ff

ff

p

sffz

stick shaft on rim

p

sffz

sffz

no Ped.

The Illumina Sextet

Building Frantically!

The Illumina Sextet

15

120 Soaring, Majestic $\text{♩} = 80$

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 11-16. The score includes parts for Flute, Bassoon Clarinet, Violin (Solo), Cello, Percussion, and Piano. The instrumentation is as follows:

- Flute:** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***ff***, ***mf***.
- Bassoon Clarinet:** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***mf***, ***ff***, ***mf***, ***ff***, ***mf***, ***ff***.
- Violin (Solo):** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***ff*** (marked "passionately; molto vib."). Measure 14 starts with a dynamic of ***mf***.
- Cello:** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***ff***, ***mf***, ***ff***, ***mf***, ***ff***.
- Percussion:** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***ff*** (marked "Cro. (hard mallets)"), ***mf*** (marked "L.V."), ***f*** (marked "Tam-tam (beater) (do not cover ensemble)"), ***ff*** (marked "Cro."), ***p*** (marked "to Mar.").
- Piano:** Playing eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: ***ff***, ***f***, ***mf***, ***ff***, ***f***, ***ff***, ***mf***, ***ff***. Pedal changes are indicated by "Ped. chord changes".

rit. (to $\sigma = 69$)

128

128

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Marimba

to Tam-tam!

to Crotales!

Pno.

passionately; molto vib.

free-bow as needed al fine

8va

mf

ff

f

ff

ffz

ffz

ff

mf

ff

f

ffz

ffz

f

mf

mp

f

ff

ffz

f

mf

f

mf

f

ff

ffz

f

mf

The Illumina Sextet

136 A Tempo $\text{d} = 80$

poco rit.

Fl. ff

B♭ Cl. mf ff mf ff mf f mf mf p

Vln. f increase/decrease trill speed with dynamics mf p f mp p f

Vc. ff mf ff f mf mp

Perc. Cro. ff f to Mar. Marimba f mf

Pno. ff f mf mp

Ped. al fine

Fading, Shimmering $\text{d} = 69$ (6")

Fl. p pp

B♭ Cl. pp

Vln. Solo (6") p pp serene, tranquil

Vc. p pp

Perc. p pp pp mp pp

Pno. p pp

8^{th}

The Illumina Sextet

IV. Aurora Borealis

Atmospheric, Ethereal $\delta = 56$

The Illumina Sextet

20 Flowing, with Force $\text{♩} = 120$

Fl. **3** *mf* *p* *tr.* *p* *mp* *pp* *pp* **30** Solo

B♭ Cl. **4** *f* *p* *mp* *pp* *mp* *pp* *mp*

Vln. **4** *f* *p* *mp* *pp* *mp* *pp*

Vc. **3** *f* *p* *mp* *pp*

Perc. **3** *mp* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *mp* *p* *p*

Pno. *p* *mf* *f* *mf*

Ped. chord changes

Fl. **32** *mf* *pp* *p* *mf*

B♭ Cl. *mf* *mp* *f* *mp* *f*

Vln. *mf* *pp* *f* *mp* *f*

Vc. *mf* *pp* *p* *mf*

Perc. *mp* *mf*

Pno. *p* *mf*

accel. **Coalescing into Shape $\text{♩} = 126$**

Fl. *f* *mf* *p* *f*

B♭ Cl. *mp* *f* *mf* *f*

Vln. *mp* *f* *mf* *f*

Vc. *mp* *f* *mf* *p* *f*

Perc. *f*

Pno. *f*

The Illumina Sextet

51

Fl. ff^3 tr^\sharp mp p

B♭ Cl. ff^3 tr^\sharp mp

Vln. ff^3 Solo tr^\sharp mp

Vc. ff^3 tr^\sharp mf port. ff

Perc. ff mf p

Pno. ff mf

Ped. Ped. Ped. chord changes

54

Fl. f p

B♭ Cl. f p

Vln. f p

Vc. f mf

Perc. f p

Pno. f p

58

Fl. p ff ff f ff

B♭ Cl. f p p mf p

Vln. f mf ff mf p

Vc. ff mp p mf p

Perc. p f p to Crotales (medium-soft mallets) Crotales (medium-soft mallets) f

Pno. f mp

The Illumina Sextet

68

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

to hard mallets
(hard mal.)

ff

f

ff rising...

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

ff

f

ff

ff

ff soaring!

accel.

80

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

sp

f

mf

f

ff

mf

ffz

mf

f

ff

mf

to yarn mallets (Sus.
Cymbal + Marimba)

The Illumina Sextet

21

86 Vibrant, Surreal ♩ = 132

Fl. *ff* — *f* — *p*

B♭ Cl. *ff* — *f* — *p*

passionately; molto vib.
Solo

Vln. *ff* — *f* — *ff*

Vc. *ff* — *mf* — *p*
Sus. Cym. (Yarn)

Perc. Mar.

(8va) *p* — *mp* — *mf* — *f* — *mf* — *ff*

Pno. *sffz* — *p* — *mp* — *mf* — *f*

Fl. 95 *f* — *mf* — *ff* — *mf*

B♭ Cl. *mf* — *f* — *ff*

Vln. port. — *ff* — *ff*

Vc. port. — *ff* — *sffz*

Perc. to Crotales! — *ff*

Pno. *f* — *mf* — *ff*

Fl. 102 *sffz* — *mf* — *p* — *f* — *mf* — *p*

B♭ Cl. *mf* — *sffz* — *mf* — *p* — *mf* — *mp*

Vln. *> mf* — *f* — *mf* — *p*

Vc. *> mf* — *f* — *mf* — *p*

Perc. to Mar. — *mf* — *sffz* — *mf* — *p* — *mf* — *pp* — *Tuned Wind Chimes*

Pno. *f* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf*

Ped. — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf* — *mf*

Ped. chord changes

103

rit.

The Illumina Sextet

(9'')

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

119

[†]See Performance Notes for Further Information