

Chaconne

Part 1 (2019)

for mixed sextet

John M. Kennedy

“Chaconne-Part I” John M. Kennedy

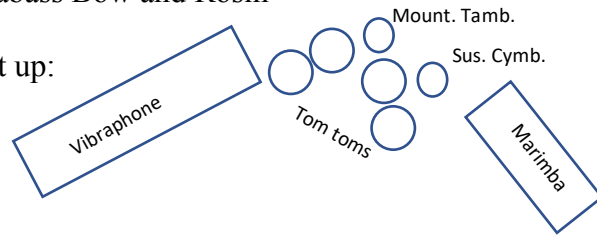
Instrumentation:

Flute, Bb Clarinet/Bass Clarinet, Violin, Violoncello, Percussion (one player), Piano

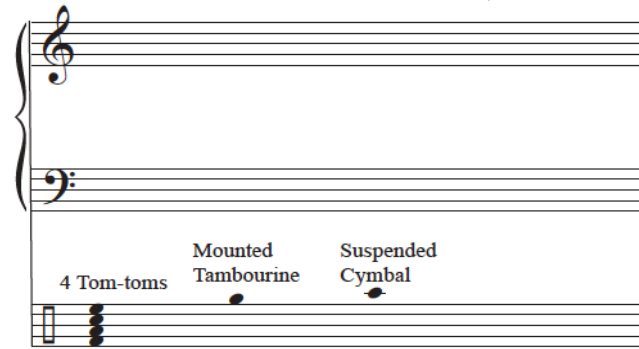
Percussion Instruments

4 Tom-toms
Mounted Tambourine
Suspended Cymbal
Vibraphone
Marimba (5 Octave)
Contrabass Bow and Rosin

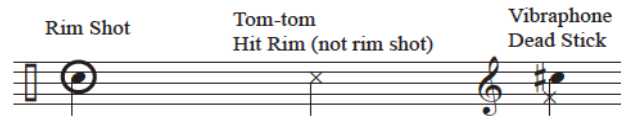
Suggested Set up:



Marimba/Vibraphone



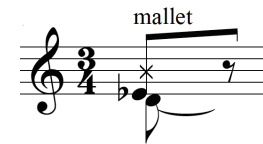
Note Heads & Stems



Percussion Notation



Circular Motion on Suspended Cymbal with metal or coin.



Bow lower note, dead stroke upper note (med. mallet)

C. = Play tom-tom at the center of the head

E. = Play tom-tom at the edge of the head

E. - - - - - C.

Move from the edge of head to the center of head

Piano Muting

“+”

Mute piano string with finger

“Dry”

Mute strings with finger, place finger on string 3-4 mm from anchor

“Wet”

Mute strings with finger, place finger on string 1-2 mm from anchor

Winds



Begin normal sound, move to multiphonic.

T. tr.

Timbral trill, trill between two fingerings of the same pitch.

“Chaconne-Part 1” presents colorful instrumental gestures over a rich harmonic and rhythmic palette. The title hints at the use of a consistent batch of sounds used in the background to produce these colors and gestures, but it should not be taken too literally. The work is meant to take the listener on a journey of sounds and contrasts, most akin to travelling by train through a shifting landscape with mixtures of sometimes abrupt, sometimes subtle shifts of scenery.

“Chaconne-Part 1” was premiered on May 7, 2019 by TM+, a Paris-based new music group in residence at Cal State Los Angeles, during the 2019 Hear Now Festival. The work is dedicated to the members of TM+ and Laurent Cuniot, conductor and composer extraordinaire!

Chaconne-Part I (2019)

The musical score is for the piece "The Great Wall" by John Williams, from the film "The Great Wall of China". The score is in 2/4 time and consists of 55 measures. The tempo is marked as "Bend pitches". The instrumentation includes Flute, Bass Clarinet, Violin, 'Cello, Vibraphone, Percussion, and Piano. The score is written for a full orchestra. The Flute part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *p* to *sfz*. The Bass Clarinet part also starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *p* to *sfz*. The Violin part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *pp* to *p*. The 'Cello part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *pp* to *p*. The Vibraphone part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *p* to *p*. The Percussion part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *p* to *p*. The Piano part starts with a rest, followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes, with dynamics ranging from *p* to *mf*. The score includes various musical notations such as rests, notes, beams, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Chaconne-Part I

2

Fl.

6 *n* *p* *Fltzng.*

Bs. Cl.

p *mf* *n* *p* T. tr.

Vln.

6 III IV *p*

Vc.

IV III II I *p*

Vib.

6

Perc.

6 *mp*

Pno.

6 *pp* *ord.* *p*

una corde *pp*

Chaconne-Part I

3

Fl. ⁹ *mf* *Fltzng.* *ord.* *Fltzng.* *f*

Bs. Cl. *mf* *p* *f* Slap Tongue

Vln. *p* *mf* *p* *p* IV II

Vc. *p* *mf* *p* *p* III IV III IV

Vib. *motor on-slow*

Perc. *p* to vibraphone *p* *bass bow*

Pno. *pp* *pp* *p* *8va-* *f* *mp*

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a chamber ensemble. The Flute part begins with a triplet of eighth notes, followed by a slur over a quarter note and an eighth note. The Bass Clarinet part has a similar triplet and slur. The Violin and Viola parts have a complex rhythmic pattern with slurs and dynamics. The Vibraphone part has a 'motor on-slow' instruction. The Percussion part has a 'to vibraphone' instruction. The Piano part has a complex rhythmic pattern with slurs and dynamics, including octaves (8va-) and a crescendo from fortissimo (f) to mezzo-piano (mp).

Chaconne-Part I

4

Fl.

13 *f* *mf*

Bs. Cl.

13 *f* *mf*

Vln.

13 II 3 pizz. arco IV III II I pizz. arco IV III *f* *mf* *mf*

Vc.

13 III pizz. arco *f* *mf* *p*

Vib.

13 mallet 3 bass bow *f* *mf*

Perc.

13

Pno.

13 *f* *Loco* *Loco* *Loco*

Chaconne-Part I

5

Chaconne-Part I

Fl. 18 *f* *sfz* *p* *mf* *p* *pp* *p* Fltzng. ----

Bs. Cl. *p* *mf* *p* *pp*

Vln. 18 *f* *p* *f* *p* *pp* *mf* *jeté* 3

Vc. *p* ord. pont. ord. II

Vib. 18 *f* *mp* *pp* Motor On-Fast to tom-toms/sus. cymb.

Perc. 18 *p* sus. cymb. w/stick l.v. l.v.

Pno. 18 *f* *mf* *p*

Chaconne-Part I

7

A

23

Fl.

mp *p* *mf* *p*

Bs. Cl.

Vln.

III IV IV jeté 3 II pizz.

p *p* *mf* *p* *p* *sfz*

Vc.

I II I

mf *p* *pp*

Vib.

Perc.

23 l.v.

p

Pno.

p

Chaconne-Part I

8

27

Fl.

Bs. Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Vib.

Perc.

Pno.

mf

mf

p

mf

p

5

Chaconne-Part I

9

31

Fl.

Bs. Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Vib.

Perc.

Pno.

arco

p

p

f

f *mf* *f*

f

T. tr.

3

3

ord.

C.

ord.

E.

ord.

C.

E.

5

Rea.

Rea.

Rea.

♩ = ♪

[illegible]

Chaconne-Part I

11

Fl. *ord.* *mf* *pp* *Flitzng.* *mf* *sfzp*

Bs. Cl. *mf* *sfzp*

Vln. *mf* *pp* *pizz.* *f* *3♭:2♭*

Vc. *mf* *pp* *f* *3♭:2♭*

Vib.

Perc. *E.* *f sfzp* *subito p* *ord.* *4:3* *f* *4:3* *p* *Conduct in 3* *f* *sfzp* *f* *ord.* *4:3*

Pno. *4:3* *4:3* *p* *mf* *p* *f* *Conduct in 3* *4:3* *2:3* *2:3* *l.v.*

Chaconne-Part I

12

C ♩ = ♩

Fl. *ord.* *p* *f* *p*

Bs. Cl. *p* *f*

Vln. *arco* *p* *f* *p*

Vc. *arco* *p* *f*

Vib.

Perc. *E.* *subito pp* *ord.* *mf* *5* *f* *p* *mf* *3* *f* *mf* *E.*

Pno. *f* *mf*

46

Fl.

Bs. Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Vib.

Perc.

Pno.

ord.

f

mf

pp

f

poco

3

3

4:3

49

Perc.

Pno.

poco

fp

fp

52

Perc.

Pno.

mf

ff

pp

mf

ff

5

5

5

Chaconne-Part I

D

Fl.

Flute staff notation. The staff is in 2/4 time. It features a series of rests for the first six measures. In the seventh measure, there is a half note G#4 with a crescendo hairpin leading to a fortissimo (f) dynamic. The eighth measure contains a quarter rest followed by a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4. The piece concludes with a final measure containing a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4.

Vc.

Violoncello staff notation. The staff is in 2/4 time. It begins with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic. The first six measures consist of eighth-note patterns, with measures 2, 3, and 5 marked with a '5' indicating a quintuplet. The seventh measure has a half note G2. The eighth measure has a half note F2. The final measure has a half note E2.

Mba.

Marimba staff notation. The staff is in 2/4 time. It features a series of rests for the first six measures. In the seventh measure, there is a half note G#4 with a crescendo hairpin leading to a fortissimo (f) dynamic. The eighth measure contains a quarter rest followed by a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4. The piece concludes with a final measure containing a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4.

Perc.

Percussion staff notation. The staff is in 2/4 time. It begins with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic. The first measure contains a half note G#4 with a crescendo hairpin leading to a fortissimo (f) dynamic. The eighth measure contains a quarter rest followed by a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4. The piece concludes with a final measure containing a triplet of eighth notes: G#4, A4, and B4.

Pno.

Piano staff notation. The staff is in 2/4 time. It begins with a piano (p) dynamic. The first measure contains a half note G#4. The second measure contains a half note A4. The third measure contains a half note B4. The fourth measure contains a half note C5. The fifth measure contains a half note D5. The sixth measure contains a half note E5. The seventh measure contains a half note F5. The eighth measure contains a half note G5. The piece concludes with a final measure containing a half note A5.

Chaconne-Part I

16

Fl.

62

mf *sfz p* *mf* *p*

5

mf *p*

Vln.

62

arco

p

Vc.

5

5

5

3

mf *p*

Mba.

62

poco *fp* *n*

Pno.

62

69

Fl.

3

3

5

5

3

3

Vln.

Vc.

mp

5

5

5

3

3

3

3

3

Mba.

pp

Pno.

f

p

f

p

Chaconne-Part I

18

Fl.

75

p *mf* *f* *mf*

3 3 3 5 5

Vln.

75

Vc.

5

Mba.

75

mf *p* *sfzp*

Pno.

75

f *p*

5

Fl.

80

3

f

3

6

3

7

5

3

Vln.

80

II
III

p

III
IV

mf

Vc.

5

3

3

3

5

5

Mba.

80

Pno.

80

ff

mf

f

p

Detailed description: This page of a musical score for 'Chaconne-Part I' covers measures 80 to 85. The score is arranged in five systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The first system is for Flute (Fl.), the second for Violin (Vln.), the third for Viola (Vc.), the fourth for Mellophone (Mba.), and the fifth for Piano (Pno.). Measure 80 is marked with a rehearsal bracket and the number 80. The Flute part begins with a triplet of eighth notes, followed by a sixteenth note, and then a triplet of eighth notes. The Violin part has a rest in measure 80 and enters in measure 81 with a half note, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The Viola part has a triplet of eighth notes in measure 80, followed by a half note in measure 81, and then a triplet of eighth notes in measure 82. The Mellophone part has a half note in measure 80, followed by a half note in measure 81, and then a half note in measure 82. The Piano part has a half note in measure 80, followed by a half note in measure 81, and then a half note in measure 82. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings (*f*, *p*, *mf*, *ff*). The page number 19 is in the top right corner.

Chaconne-Part I

20

Fl.

86

f *mf* *mp* *f*

3 3 3 3 7

Vln.

86 II III

piu f *p*

Vc.

5 3 3 5 5

Mba.

86

mf *f* *mf*

6 6 6 6 6 6

Pno.

86

p *ff* *p*

Chaconne-Part I

21

E

♩ = 120

Fl. *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *sfzp*

Bs. Cl. to Bb Clarinet Bb Clarinet *p* *sfzp*

Vln. *mf* *mf* *p* *sfzp*

Vc. *sul tasto* *p* *sfzp* *sfzp*

Mba. *p* *mf* *p* *p*

Pno. *p* *mf* *p*

to vibraphone

Chaconne-Part I

22

Fl. ¹⁰⁴ *sfz p* *sfz p*

B♭ Cl.

Vln. ¹⁰⁴ *sfz p* pizz. arco *sfz p*

Vc. *sfz p* *sfz p* *sfz p*

Fl. ¹¹⁴ *mf* **F**

B♭ Cl. *mf*

Vln. ¹¹⁴ *p* *pp* *p*

Vc. *p* *p*

Chaconne-Part I

23

122

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Vib.

Pno.

f *p* *mf*

f *p* *f*

fp *f* *f*

p *f* *p*

p *f* *p*

ord.

pizz.

pizz.

Chaconne-Part I

24

129

Fl. *p*

B♭ Cl. *p*

Vln. *p* arco pont. ----- ord. *mf* *p* pont. ----- ord. *mf*

Vc. *p* arco pont. ----- ord. *mf* *p* pont. ----- ord. *mf*

Vib. *p* *mp* *mf*

Pno. *p*

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

Chaconne-Part I

25

Chaconne-Part I

26

140

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Vib.

Pno.

ord.

ord.

ord.

pont. -- ord.

$p < mf$

$sfz p$

f

$sfz p$

f

$sfz p$

sfz

p

f

p

mf

sfz

mf

sfz

$sfz p$

f

$sfz p$

f

$p^{3:2}$

p

f

p

mf

Chaconne-Part I

27

145

Flute

p *f* **G**

B♭ Cl.

p *f*

Violin

p *f* *pp* with piano

'Cello

p *f* pizz. arco *p* *mf*

Vib.

f *f* *pp* *mp* *pp* l.v. l.v.

Pno

with 'cello *p* *mp* *mf*

Chaconne-Part I

28

152

Fl.

p *f*

B♭ Cl.

p *f*

Vln.

p *f*

Vc.

subito p *mf* *p*

Vib.

pp *p*

motor on-slow

Pno.

subito p *mp* *mf* *f* *mf* *p*

Chaconne-Part I

29

158 H ♩ = 88

Fl. *p*

B♭ Cl. *p*

Vln. *pp* *f* *mf*

Vc. *p* *mf*

Vib. *p* Let fade to Marimba

Pno. *f* no pedal

Chaconne-Part I

30

[illegible]

Chaconne-Part I

31

167 **I** ♩ = 110

Fl. *f*

B♭ Cl. *f* *mf*

Vln. *pp* *ord.*

Vc. *f* *pp* *f*

Mba. *f* *subito pp* *mf* *p*

Pno. *f*

Rea. -----

Chaconne-Part I

32

[illegible]

Chaconne-Part I

33

175

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Mba.

Pno.

p

pp

sul tasto.

3

5

5

5

3

3

5

3

3

3

Chaconne-Part I

34

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Mba.

Pno.

ord. II

p

I

III

I

IV

3

3

3

3

180

180

180

The musical score for Chaconne-Part I, page 34, is written for a full orchestra. The Flute (Fl.) and B♭ Clarinet (B♭ Cl.) parts are in the upper staves, featuring long, sustained notes with slurs and breath marks. The Violin (Vln.) part is in the middle staff, including fingerings (ord. II, I, III, I, IV) and a dynamic marking of *p*. The Violoncello (Vc.) part is in the lower staff, featuring a series of chords. The Mellophone (Mba.) and Piano (Pno.) parts are in the bottom staves, featuring triplets. The tempo is marked 180.

Chaconne-Part I

35

[illegible]

Chaconne-Part I

Fl.

B $\flat$ Cl.

Vln.

Vc.

Perc.

Pno.

5th Part. Harm.

189

4/4

3

3

3

3

n

n

n

pont.

p

mp

p

pp

p

pp

p

n

5th Part. Harm.

5th Part. Harm.

The musical score for measures 189-192 of Chaconne-Part I. The score is written for six parts: Flute (Fl.), B-flat Clarinet (B $\flat$ Cl.), Violin (Vln.), Viola (Vc.), Percussion (Perc.), and Piano (Pno.). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. Measure 189 is marked with a '189' and a '4/4' time signature. The Flute and B-flat Clarinet parts feature melodic lines with triplets and slurs. The Violin part has a long, sustained note. The Viola part has a melodic line with a 'pont.' (ponte) marking. The Percussion part has a melodic line with a '189' marking. The Piano part has a melodic line with a '189' marking. The 5th Part. Harm. part has a melodic line with a '189' marking. The dynamics range from *p* (piano) to *pp* (pianissimo) and *n* (normal). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, triplets, and dynamic markings.